

EXPERIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

**WORKING FOR YOU!** 



## PINKEYE SAMPLING PROCEDURES

GOOD SAMPLING AND HANDLING PRACTICES WILL HELP ACHIEVE THE GOAL OF ISOLATING THE PATHOGENS THAT ARE IMPACTING YOUR HERDS.



Cambridge Technologies recommends using both an Amies broth/culture swab system for collecting and transporting pinkeye-associated bacteria (Moraxella bovis and M. bovoculi) and a Mycoplasma + viral broth/swab system for collecting and transporting possible contributing Mycoplasma (bovoculi and bovis) pathogens.



Sampling eyes showing early clinical signs, such as those with excessive tearing, mild clouding or a lesion just beginning to ulcerate. Eyes with fully developed lesions are already damaged and might be past the the initial stage of infection. This makes isolating causative organisms more difficult.



Sampling the edge of the corneal lesion itself gives the best chance at isolating the truly causative bacteria. Moraxella pathogens use pili/fimbriae to attach to the cornea. Simply collecting lacrimal samples may result in isolating nonpiliated Moraxella organisms NOT associated with the disease, as well as other bacterial contaminates.



All swabs should be refrigerated immediately after sampling. Add an ice pack to the shipping box and arrange pick-up/drop-off as soon as possible. The prepaid return label is already on the box for next day delivery.

